

## 404 – PAY PROCEDURES

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### **Section 404.01 Bi-Weekly Payroll**

Fort Bend County operates on a bi-weekly payroll system and paychecks are issued twenty-six (26) times during a calendar year. Changes may be made by official action of Commissioners Court. Elected Officials are compensated semi-monthly.

### **Section 404.02 FLSA Status**

In 1986, the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) became applicable to public sector employers. The act sets minimum wage and overtime pay practices. Under FLSA, jobs are classified as exempt or non-exempt. The appropriate classification is noted on County job descriptions. Exempt employees are paid a salary and are required to perform at the discretion of the Department Head or Elected Official for any amount of time needed to meet the requirements of the position. Non-exempt employees are paid an hourly wage for all hours worked, and receive additional compensation for overtime hours as discussed in Section 404.06 below.

### **Section 404.03 Timekeeping**

Federal and state regulations require that employers maintain accurate records of all hours worked by non-exempt employees and compensate employees appropriately. In accordance with Section 151.903(d) of the Texas Local Government Code, the County Auditor and Treasurer have designated that an automated timekeeping system will be used by all non-exempt employees to report any and all hours worked. Department Heads/Elected Officials should designate a payroll coordinator(s) to oversee the payroll process for the employees of the department/office.

All non-exempt employees are required to clock in and out for work using a time clock, computer or phone as designated by their supervisor. Once an employee has clocked in or out, no change may be made to the clocked time by the employee. Payroll coordinators may make changes to an employee's time to correct errors only if the employee signs an adjusted time record form and the form is approved by the Department Head/Elected Official or designee. System user guides and payroll forms are available on the intranet or by contacting payroll in the Treasurer's Office.

All employees, including exempt employees, should accurately record the use of any accrued leave, such as sick leave, vacation, compensatory and deferred time.

Falsification of timesheets may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. This applies to falsifications made by an employee to their own time as well as to supervisors and payroll coordinators who knowingly approve inaccurate time records or make unauthorized changes to an employee's time record.

### **Section 404.04 Distribution of Checks**

The preferred method of distributing employee pay is via direct deposit to an employee's designated bank account(s). Printable pay stubs are available through employee self-serve in the online system. An elected official or department head may authorize personnel to pick up any payroll checks and/or paystubs for those

employees who cannot utilize direct deposit. The County Treasurer will set the designated pay dates and pick up times.

**Section 404.05  
Pay Adjustments**

Pay adjustments, including but not limited to: salary (or wage) increases, salary reductions, promotions, transfers, and the like, generally can only be initiated at the beginning of a pay period. Pay adjustments for demotion or discipline do not have to be initiated at the beginning of a pay period.

**Section 404.06  
Non-Exempt  
Compensatory Time  
and Overtime Pay**

In accordance with the Fair Labor Standards Act, non-exempt public employees may be credited with compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay. It is the policy of Fort Bend County that non-exempt employees are credited with compensatory time at the rate of one-and-one half (1 ½) hours for each hour worked in excess of forty (40) actual hours worked in a workweek.

In 1995, Commissioners Court adopted the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) 29CFR Section 207(k), which provides an exemption of a seven calendar day, 43-hour work period for the purpose of calculating overtime and/or compensatory time for certain law enforcement employees of the Sheriff's Office. These employees will accrue overtime/compensatory time after the first 43 hours actually worked.

**Section 404.07  
Authorized Payment of  
Over Time in Lieu of  
Accrual of Comp Time**

It is the policy of Fort Bend County that non-exempt employees of Emergency Medical Services designated as field personnel, and employees of the Fire Marshal's Office that work shifts of 24 or more consecutive hours, shall not accrue any compensatory time, but shall be paid overtime as earned.

The seasonally affected departments of Drainage and Parks will pay overtime to certain operations employees for hours actually worked over 40.

Operations employees of the Road and Bridge Department may choose to accrue compensatory time or be paid overtime for hours actually worked over 40, and may elect to change their method of compensation once each year, on January 1. However, regardless of an employee's election, an employee cannot accrue, nor earn, a combined balance of more than 80 hours of comp time in a calendar year. For example, on January 1, if an employee has a balance of 30 hours of comp time and elects to accrue comp time in the coming year, the employee can accrue no more than 50 additional hours of comp time that year. This is true even if the employee uses comp time during the year, causing the net accrual to fall below 80 hours.

County employees who work on grant funded task forces, such as the High Intensity Drug Traffic Area task force, Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force, the Selective Traffic Enforcement Program, and other current or future task force initiatives, may be eligible for overtime pay at time and one half after 8 hours worked in a day, regardless of the total number of hours worked in the week. The overtime hours worked must be spent on task force specific activities, and such payment must not be prohibited under

the grant guidelines. Overtime worked must be authorized and documented by a supervisor, and is subject to review by the County Auditor to confirm grant compliance.

Exempt employees are not eligible for, and do not receive, overtime pay or compensatory time, with the possible exception of an approved alternate pay plan as listed in Section 404-16.

**Section 404.08  
Maximum Accruals**

The maximum amount of compensatory time an employee may accrue is limited to eighty (80) hours. If an employee has 80 hours or more of accrued compensatory time, any further overtime hours worked will not be accrued as compensatory time, but will be paid as overtime. Employees will be compensated for this overtime in accordance with the provisions of FLSA.

**Section 404.09  
Leave or Holidays  
Taken and Overtime**

For purposes of computing overtime hours worked, time away from the job during the workweek for reasons such as holiday, vacation, sick leave, compensatory time off, or other approved absences, are not actual hours worked, and therefore will not count towards the calculation of overtime or compensatory time.

**Section 404.10  
Deferred Time**

Prior to November 1, 2007, Fort Bend County policy provided for the accrual of deferred time in certain circumstances. Some employees may still have balances of accrued deferred time and should use this time as permitted.

Except as provided in Section 413, Emergency Operations Personnel and Pay Procedures, current policy does not allow for the accrual of deferred time. Rather, employees will be paid at their hourly rate of pay for any hours actually worked up to and including 40 (or 43). At any time in the future, the remaining deferred time balances may be paid out by action of Commissioners Court.

**Section 404.11  
Examples**

Following are examples of typical scenarios involving computation of overtime and/or compensatory time. The examples are not all inclusive.

Examples 1 through 3 are applicable to those non-exempt employees who are **not** subject to the provisions of FLSA §207(k).

1. A non-exempt employee works 9 hours each day Monday through Wednesday, is sick on Thursday, and works 8 hours on Friday. The employee has actually worked 35 hours of regular time, and would receive a payment for 43 hours: 35 hours of regular pay, and 8 hours of sick leave pay. Note: To avoid the additional 3 hours of pay, a supervisor may require the employee to use only 5 hours of sick leave, or may dismiss the employee after 5 hours of work on Friday.
2. In a particular week, Monday is a holiday. A non-exempt employee then works 10 hours each day Tuesday through Thursday, and eight hours on Friday. The employee has actually worked 38 hours, and would receive payment for 46 hours: 38 hours of regular pay, and 8 hours of holiday pay.

3. A non-exempt employee is required to work 8 hours on Sunday to complete a project. The employee then works 8 ½ hours each day Monday through Thursday. On Friday, a regularly scheduled workday, the employee receives approval to take the day off in exchange for working on Sunday. The employee has actually worked 42 hours, and would accrue 3 hours of compensatory time [(42 – 40) x 1.5], in addition to receiving payment for 40 hours of regular pay. **Note:** if this same employee already had 80 hours of accrued compensatory time, the employee would receive overtime pay for 2 hours at 1.5 times the regular rate (as defined by the FLSA), and no hours of accrued compensatory time.
4. A non-exempt employee of the Sheriff's Office subject to the provisions of FLSA §207(k) works 8.25 hours each day Monday through Friday, and receives approval to work 4 hours on Saturday. The employee has actually worked 45.25 hours, and will receive a payment for 43 hours of regular hourly pay and will accrue 3.375 hours of compensatory time [(45.25 – 43.00) x 1.5]. If the officer has already accrued 80 hours of compensatory time, the 2.25 hours will be paid at 1.5 times the regular rate of pay (as defined by the FLSA).

**Section 404.12  
Minimal Leave of  
Absence**

Accruals of vacation and sick leave continue during times of minimal leave without pay (less than ten (10) business days in one pay period), or in cases when employees are tardy. Tardiness may result in disciplinary action; however, vacation and sick leave accruals may not be affected.

**Section 404.13  
Board Pay**

Juvenile Board of Judges pay will be budgeted to each of their respective departments. Each Commissioner's Drainage District Director's pay will be budgeted and paid from the Drainage District budget.

**Section 404.14  
Alternative Overtime  
Pay Plans**

Commissioners Court may approve an alternate pay plan (overtime) in the following circumstances:

1. As recommended by a designated compensation committee of a Court approved steering team, to be implemented during the scope and/or timeframe of a specific project. In order for consideration to be granted, the alternate pay plan must be included as a component in the project plan and conducted in consultation with Human Resources. The proposed alternate pay plan must also include specific information about the proposed alternative pay plan, the duration and a list of affected positions. The project plan must be submitted and approved by the members of Commissioners Court prior to the implementation of the proposed alternate pay plan.

2. As provided by Section 413, Emergency Operations Personnel and Pay Procedures.

**Section 404.15  
Prorating of Pay**

Certain supplemental pay will be subject to prorating within a pay period upon hire and termination. For example, if a law enforcement officer receiving supplemental pay for holding TCLEOSE certification terminates employment with Fort Bend County after working 4 days of the final pay period, the officer would receive 4/10 of the regular bi-weekly amount of the supplement. For a list of supplemental pay subject to prorating, please contact the payroll department.

**Section 404.16  
Change in Status**

Non-exempt employees receiving a change to exempt status or who terminate employment with Fort Bend County will be paid in full for any compensatory or deferred time accrued and recorded in the payroll system.

**Section 404.17  
Final Pay Check**

Upon termination from employment with Fort Bend County, employees can expect to receive payment for their final hours worked on the regularly scheduled pay date for that pay period. Any payouts of accrued vacation and/or deferred time will be paid no later than the second regularly scheduled pay date following termination provided all County equipment, badges, and uniforms are returned. This will allow departments an opportunity to collect any county property the employee may hold, and allow payroll the opportunity to verify all accrual balances and deductions. This final payment will be in the form of a check, and not a direct deposit.

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Policy Approved and Adopted by:  
Fort Bend County Commissioners Court  
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